

CONDITIONS OF 2019/ 2020 RED SEA URCHIN LICENCE
Licence Period: August 1, 2019 to July 31, 2020

Authority

The Department of Fisheries and Oceans has authority to set licence conditions under subsection 22(1) of the Fishery (General) Regulations for the proper management and control of fisheries and the conservation and protection of fish.

Persons fishing under authority of this licence may only do so in accordance with the conditions stated below.

Also, it is the responsibility of individual fishers to be informed of, and comply with, the Fisheries Act and the regulations made thereunder, in addition to these conditions.

For information on management of the Red Sea Urchin fishery obtain a copy of the current Red Sea Urchin - Integrated Fisheries Management Plan. The Management Plan is intended for general information purposes only. Where there is a discrepancy between the Plan and the Fisheries Act and regulations or these conditions, the Fisheries Act and regulations and these conditions prevail.

PART 1

Application

This Part applies to fishing for Red Sea Urchin.

Definitions

"Area" and "Subarea" have the same meaning as in the Pacific Fishery Management Area Regulations, 2007.

"container" means a mesh pick bag, a mesh transport bag, a plastic tote, or a cage used for the gathering, handling or transportation of Red Sea Urchin.

"Department" means the Department of Fisheries and Oceans.

"discarded" means not placing the Red Sea Urchin in a container or removing a Red Sea Urchin from a container and not validating that Red Sea Urchin.

"fishing trip" means the time between leaving port to commence commercial Red Sea Urchin fishing and the return to a port or offloading of catch that results in a discontinuation of fishing for 24 hours or longer.

"Hail-out Report" means the report made to a designated Red Sea Urchin service provider prior to embarking on a fishing trip.

"Hail-in Report" means the report made to a designated Red Sea Urchin service provider prior to landing Red Sea Urchin or after a fishing trip.

"harvested" means removing, by any means, Red Sea Urchin from the substrate of the ocean floor.

"landed" or "landing" means the transfer of Red Sea Urchin from a vessel in water to land.

"observer" means an individual who has been designated as an observer by the Regional Director-General for Pacific Region pursuant to section 39 of the Fishery (General) Regulations.

"Quota Area" means those areas enumerated and described in Appendix 8 of the current Red Sea Urchin - Integrated Fisheries Management Plan.

"tranship" means the transfer of Red Sea Urchin from a vessel to another vessel.

"validated" means Red Sea Urchin have been weighed by an observer and the weight entered into the Red Sea Urchin Validation & Harvest Log (see sections 10 and 12) or an alternative log approved by the Department.

"vessel registration number (VRN)" means the number assigned to a vessel by the Department at the time the vessel is registered as a fishing vessel.

1. Species of fish permitted to be taken:

Red Sea Urchin (*Mesocentrotus franciscanus*)

2. Licence Expiry Date:

This licence expires on July 31, 2020.

3. Quantities permitted to be taken:

(1) The maximum quantity of Red Sea Urchin authorized to be taken under this licence shall not exceed the limit on the current Red Sea Urchin licence.

4. Minimum size limit:

The minimum size of Red Sea Urchin that may be taken is 90 mm in shell diameter, measured between the spines, through the greatest diameter of the shell.

5. Waters in which fishing is permitted:

Area of fishing is as set out in this licence.

6. Fishing gear permitted to be used:

Hand picking by divers only. Suction devices are not permitted to be used.

7. Fishing Multiple Quota Areas

All Red Sea Urchin caught in a Quota Area shall be landed or transhipped prior to the commencement of fishing in a new Quota Area.

8. The type, size and marking of containers to hold or transport Red Sea Urchin and the marking of such containers:

(1) All Red Sea Urchin delivered to designated landing ports or transhipped from the licensed vessel to another vessel licensed for the transportation of fish shall be placed in containers which are labelled. The label shall be waterproof and marked with the vessel name and vessel registration number of the vessel used to harvest that product.

(2) All harvested Red Sea Urchin that are contained in "pick bags" or any other type of container and left unattended in the water shall be labelled. The label shall be waterproof and marked with the vessel name and vessel registration number of the vessel used to harvest that product. Floats attached to containers left unattended in the water shall be marked with the vessel registration number.

9. Transhipment:

Red Sea Urchin may be transhipped from the licensed vessel to another vessel licensed for the transportation of fish provided the vessel master complies with the following conditions:

- (1) all Red Sea Urchin are in containers and tagged as per section 7;
- (2) the number of containers are recorded in the log;
- (3) the "packer weight" (determined by subtracting the weight of the containers from the weight of the product) is recorded in the log;
- (4) a copy of the log accompanies the product to the designated port; and
- (5) the product is landed at a designated port and validated by an observer.

10. Locations permitted for the landing of Red Sea Urchin:

Red Sea Urchin shall be landed at one of the following ports:

(1) North Coast: Queen Charlotte City, Masset, Prince Rupert, Port Edward, Klemtu, Bella Bella, or Port Hardy.

(2) South Coast: Port Hardy, Port McNeill, Kelsey Bay, Nanaimo, Quadra Island, Campbell River, Sidney, Sooke, Victoria, Ucluelet, Steveston, or Vancouver.

This condition applies to both the licensed vessel and, if the vessel master chooses to tranship his catch to another vessel, to the vessel receiving the Red Sea Urchin.

11. Validation:

(See Explanatory Note after section 15)

(1) All Red Sea Urchin harvested or removed from the sea bed floor under the authority of this licence shall be validated at the point and time the fish are landed.

(2) Prior to validation of Red Sea Urchin no person shall:

- (a) smash the shells or slit the membranes of the Red Sea Urchin to drain the waters; or
- (b) dump, throw overboard, or otherwise discard Red Sea Urchin which have been harvested and retained in accordance with the Fisheries Act and the regulations made thereunder.

(3) Subject to subsection 10(3)(a), all weights shall be determined using a scale approved by Industry Canada.

(a) Registered participants in the live-market validation pilot program shall validate their catch by undrained weight or by volume in the manner set out in the Alternate Validation Pilot Program Protocol sheet available to registrants from the resource manager.

(4) The vessel master of the licensed vessel or, if the catch is transhipped to another vessel, the vessel master of that vessel shall provide the observer with a hard copy of the Validation & Harvest Logbook upon completion of each validation.

(5) The vessel master of the licensed vessel or, if the catch is transhipped to another vessel, the vessel master of that vessel shall provide to the observer at the point of landing, access to the vessel's fish holds, freezers and other fish storage areas at any time during the landing.

12. Oral Reports:

(1) Hail-out Report

Not less than 24 hours before a fishing trip, the vessel master shall make a Hail-out Report by contacting the designated Red Sea Urchin service provider at (800) 775-5505 and report the following information:

- (a) vessel name, vessel master's name and vessel registration number;
- (b) species to be fished (i.e. Red Sea Urchin);
- (c) Subarea(s) to be fished;
- (d) anticipated time of arrival at the fishing location; and

(e) anticipated time that fishing will begin.

(2) Upon failure to arrive at fishing location within 24 hours of time stated under subsection 11(1)(d), the vessel master shall report the following information to the designated Red Sea Urchin service provider:

- (a) vessel name and vessel registration number; and
- (b) details of change in fishing plans.

(3) At least 24 hours prior to moving to a new Quota Area, the vessel master shall report the following information to the designated Red Sea Urchin service provider:

- (a) vessel name, vessel master's name and vessel registration number;
- (b) species to be fished (i.e. Red Sea Urchin);
- (c) Subarea(s) to be fished;
- (d) anticipated time of arrival at the fishing location; and
- (e) anticipated time that fishing will begin.

(4) Cancellation of fishing trip:

Should the vessel master decide not to fish after having made a Hail-out Report, the vessel master shall make a Hail-in Report by contacting the Red Sea Urchin service provider to indicate that no fishing occurred within 24 hours of the time stated under subsection 11(1)(e).

(5) Hail-in Report:

(a) Where the vessel is not landing Red Sea Urchin (i.e. Red Sea Urchin has been transhipped at sea): Not more than 24 hours after a fishing trip, the vessel master shall make a Hail-in Report by contacting the designated Red Sea Urchin service provider at (800) 775-5505 to report the following information:

- (i) vessel name, vessel master's name and vessel registration number;
- (ii) species fished (i.e. Red Sea Urchin);
- (iii) Subarea(s) fished; and
- (iv) time that fishing stopped.

(b) Where the vessel is landing Red Sea Urchin ashore:

At least 24 hours prior to landing Red Sea Urchin, the vessel master shall make a Hail-in Report by contacting the designated Red Sea Urchin service provider at (800) 775-5505 to report the following information:

- (i) vessel name, vessel master's name and vessel registration number;
- (ii) species to be landed (i.e. Red Sea Urchin);
- (iii) name of the designated port and location therein where the catch shall be landed;
- (iv) anticipated time of landing;
- (v) name of fish processor or buyer that is buying or transporting the catch; and
- (vi) if applicable, the method of transporting the catch to a fish processor.

13. Harvest Logs and Chart Data:

(See Explanatory Note after section 15)

(1) The vessel master shall maintain a log of all harvest operations and provide this information in both hard (paper) copy and electronic copy to the Department. The content and format of this log (paper and electronic) shall meet the requirements as defined by the Shellfish Data Unit for the current licence year.

(2) The harvest and fishing location information recorded in the log shall be complete and accurate.

(3) The information for each day's harvest operations shall be recorded in the log not later than midnight of that day.

(4) The log shall be kept on board the licensed vessel.

(5) The log shall be produced for examination on demand of a fishery officer, fishery guardian or an observer.

(6) The vessel master shall provide a chart record for each day's harvest operations, indicating the locations fished, to the service provider contracted by the Pacific Urchin Harvesters Association,

within one month of the harvesting having occurred.

- (a) The chart shall be marked with:
 - (i) the vessel registration number;
 - (ii) the licence tab number; and
 - (iii) the validation I.D. numbers.

The validation I.D. number is the unique page number assigned to each validation page of the Red Sea Urchin Validation and Harvest Log.

(b) Each harvest site shall be clearly marked on the chart with dive number, validation I.D. number and the dates that fishing activity occurred at each site. The dive numbers on the chart record shall correspond to the dive numbers in the log.

(c) The information for each day's harvest operations shall be recorded on the chart record not later than midnight of that day and provided to the service provider within one month of that day's harvest operations.

(7) The vessel master shall make provisions to have chart information referred to in subsection 12(6) electronically captured into Geographic Information System (GIS) software that meets the requirements as defined by the Shellfish Data Unit for the current licence year.

(8) The completed log pages (business copy) and electronic copy of the log shall be available within 28 days following the end of each month in which fishing occurred, to:

Fisheries and Oceans Canada
Shellfish Data Unit
Pacific Biological Station
Hammond Bay Road
Nanaimo BC V9T 6N7

Tel: (250) 756-7022 or (250) 756-7306

(9) In the event that a licence holder does not fish during the current fishing season, the licence holder shall submit a nil report. One page from the harvest logbook identifying the vessel, licence tab number and the year with 'nil' entered in the body of the log and signed by the licence holder constitutes a nil report.

14. Reporting catch on fish slips:

(1) A complete and accurate written report of all fish and shellfish caught and retained under the authority of this licence shall be submitted by the vessel master on a fish slip.

(2) The record shall contain the following information:

- (a) buyer's name, address and telephone number;
- (b) harvester's name and address;
- (c) processing plant name;
- (d) landing date;
- (e) vessel name and VRN;
- (f) gear used to harvest the fish;
- (g) Area(s) where fishing occurred and days spent fishing in each Area;
- (h) the individual species of each fish sold or offloaded;
- (i) the description of the product or landed form of each species sold or offloaded;
- (j) the weight of each species sold or offloaded;
- (k) the price paid for each species sold; and
- (l) the total value of each species sold or offloaded.

(3) A report shall be made even if the fish or shellfish landed are used for bait, personal consumption or disposed of otherwise.

(4) The report shall be mailed not later than seven days after the offloading and sent to:

Fisheries and Aquaculture Management Branch

FM Data Unit
Suite 200 - 401 Burrard Street
Vancouver, BC
V6C 3S4

Fish slips may be downloaded and printed at
<http://www.pac.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/stats/fishslips-carnets/index-eng.html>.
Fish slip books may also be ordered from the printer at user cost at
<http://www.pac.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/stats/fishslips-carnets/index-eng.html>.
Phone (604) 666-2716 for more information.

15. Workers' Compensation Board Requirements

All Red Sea Urchin divers shall be in possession of a Workers' Compensation Board Seafood Harvesting Diving Certificate.

Explanatory Note - Harvest Log, Chart Data and Validation: The Red Sea Urchin Validation & Harvest Log issued by the service provider contracted by the Pacific Urchin Harvesters' Association is approved for both form and content by the Shellfish Data Unit. This service provider will provide the logbook and coding, data entry, electronic chart data capture and validation services.

PART 2

[February 14, 2019]

This Part applies to fishing for groundfish under the authority of this licence.

Definitions:

"Area" and "Subarea" have the same meaning as in the Pacific Fishery Management Area Regulations, 2007.

"at-sea observer file number" means a number provided by the employer of a designated groundfish at-sea observer to uniquely identify a groundfish fishing trip upon which a designated at-sea observer has been embarked.

"designated groundfish at-sea observer" means an individual designated pursuant to section 39 of the Fishery (General) Regulations to monitor groundfish fishing activities examine and measure fishing gear and to conduct related activities while at sea.

"designated groundfish at-sea observer service provider" means Archipelago Marine Research Ltd. of Victoria, B.C.

"designated groundfish hail service provider" means Archipelago Marine Research Ltd. of Victoria, B.C.

"designated observer" means a corporation designated pursuant to subsection 39(1) of the Fishery (General) Regulations to provide individuals designated as observers to monitor the landing of fish and the verification of weight, pieces and species of fish caught and retained.

"designated groundfish dockside observer" means an individual designated pursuant to section 39 of the Fishery (General) Regulations to monitor the landing of groundfish and the verification of weight, pieces and species of groundfish caught and retained.

"dual fishing" means fishing for and retaining groundfish, under the authority of this commercial licence and an Aboriginal organization's FSC communal fishing licence issued under Section 4 of the Aboriginal Communal Fishing Licences Regulations, on the same fishing trip.

"dual fishing designation" means designation by an Aboriginal organization as required under the Aboriginal Communal Fishing Licences Regulations, expressly authorizing a vessel and individuals to fish under authority of the FSC Communal Fishing Licence.

"dual fishing designation certificate" means a properly completed document issued by an Aboriginal organization confirming designation to fish under an FSC Communal Fishing Licence.

"electronic monitoring (EM) system" means an electronic-based monitoring system that meets the minimum specifications set out in section 9 of these conditions.

"fish pen" means an underwater enclosure, attached to the shore of the land or to the seabed, designed to hold live fish.

"Fishery Operations System (FOS)" means the Department of Fisheries and Oceans database into which all catch data must be entered.

"food, social and ceremonial fish" or "FSC" means fish caught under the authority of a licence issued under the Aboriginal Communal Fishing Licences Regulations for the food, social and ceremonial needs of the Aboriginal organization that holds the licence.

"FSC Communal Fishing Licence" is a licence issued under the Aboriginal Communal Fishing Licences Regulations for the harvest of fish for an Aboriginal organization's FSC use, and does not permit sale.

"Fisher Identification Number (FIN)" means a unique identification number issued by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans for licensing and other fisheries management purposes.

"Functionality Test Certificate Number (FTCN)" means the unique number certifying that an EM system has been installed and is fully functional.

"Groundfish Management Area(s) (GMA)" means the waters enumerated below, comprised of the Areas and Subareas as set out:

"3C": Areas 21, 23, 24, 121 and 123 and Subareas 124-1 to 124-3 and 125-6, combined;

"3D": Areas 25, 26 and 126 and Subareas 27-2 to 27-11, 124-4, 125-1 to 125-5, 127-1 and 127-2, combined;

"4B": Areas 13 to 20, 28 and 29 and Subareas 12-1 to 12-13 and 12-15 to 12-48, combined;

"5A": Areas 11 and 111 and Subareas 12-14, 27-1, 127-3, 127-4 and 130-1, combined;

"5B": Areas 7 to 10 and 108 to 110 and Subareas 102-3, 107-2, 107-3, 130-2 and that portion of Subarea 130-3 that lies south of the parallel passing through 51 degrees 56 minutes north latitude, combined;

"5C": Areas 6 and 106 and Subareas 2-1 to 2-19, 102-2, 105-2 and 107-1, combined;

"5D": Areas 3 to 5, 103 and 104 and Subareas 1-2 to 1-5, 101-4 to 101-10, 102-1 and 105-1, combined; and

"5E": Area 142 and Subareas 1-1, 2-31 to 2-100 and 101-1 to 101-3 and that portion of Subarea 130-3 that lies north of the parallel passing through 51 degrees 56 minutes north latitude, combined.

"Hail-in Report" means the report made to the designated groundfish hail service provider or the designated groundfish electronic hail service provider prior to landing fish. (See section 10)

"Hail-out Report" means the report made to the designated groundfish hail service provider or the designated groundfish electronic hail service provider prior to embarking on a fishing trip. (See section 6)

"Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log" means the log that meets the requirements of the Department of Fisheries and Oceans and serves as the official catch record for a vessel for any given groundfish trip.

"Integrated Groundfish Validation Record" means the official catch record provided by the designated groundfish dockside observer for a vessel for any given groundfish trip.

"landed" means having offloaded catch onto land.

"landing" means the offloading of the catch onto land.

"other rockfish" means the species listed in Appendix 1 to this Part

"Quota Status Verification Number (QSVN)" means the unique number assigned by a groundfish dockside observer and recorded in the Integrated Groundfish Validation Log certifying that a vessel is not in an overage position for any species per groundfish management area group.

"unique identification number" means a unique number the Aboriginal organization must assign to a dual fishing designation certificate to differentiate it from any other dual fishing designation certificates it may issue.

"vessel registration number (VRN)" means the number assigned to a vessel by the Department at the time the vessel is registered as a fishing vessel.

1. Species, gear and quantities of fish that are permitted (all species are as referred to in Schedule I of the Pacific Fishery Regulations, 1993):

(1) When hailed out on a directed Spiny Dogfish (by hook and line gear) trip, the licensed vessel is permitted to catch and retain the following by hook and line gear:

(a) Those species of fish listed in Column I of the Table to this section in the Species/ Groundfish Management Area Groups set out in Column II up to the maximum quantity set out in Column III of that item:

Column I Species	Column II Species / GMA Group	Column III Quantity in Pounds
Pacific Halibut	Coastwide	0 (fresh, dressed head-off)
Sablefish	Coastwide	0 (round weight)
Spiny Dogfish	3C,3D,5A,5B,5C,5D,5E	0 (round weight)
Spiny Dogfish	4B	0 (round weight)
Lingcod	3C	0 (round weight)
Lingcod	3D	0 (round weight)
Lingcod	5A,5B	0 (round weight)
Lingcod	5C,5D,5E	0 (round weight)
Canary Rockfish	3C,3D	0 (round weight)
Canary Rockfish	5A,5B	0 (round weight)
Canary Rockfish	5C,5D	0 (round weight)
Canary Rockfish	5E	0 (round weight)
Silvergray Rockfish	3C,3D	0 (round weight)
Silvergray Rockfish	5A,5B	0 (round weight)
Silvergray Rockfish	5C,5D	0 (round weight)
Silvergray Rockfish	5E	0 (round weight)
Yelloweye Rockfish	3C,3D,5A	0 (round weight)
Yelloweye Rockfish	5B	0 (round weight)
Yelloweye Rockfish	5C,5D	0 (round weight)
Yelloweye Rockfish	5E	0 (round weight)
Yelloweye Rockfish	4B	0 (round weight)
Quillback Rockfish	3C,3D,5A	0 (round weight)
Quillback Rockfish	5B	0 (round weight)
Quillback Rockfish	5C,5D	0 (round weight)
Quillback Rockfish	5E	0 (round weight)
Quillback Rockfish	4B	0 (round weight)
Copper/ China/ Tiger Rockfish	3C,3D,5A	0 (round weight)
Copper/ China/ Tiger Rockfish	5B	0 (round weight)
Copper/ China/ Tiger Rockfish	5C,5D	0 (round weight)
Copper/ China/ Tiger Rockfish	5E	0 (round weight)
Copper/ China/ Tiger Rockfish	4B	0 (round weight)
Redbanded Rockfish	Coastwide	0 (round weight)
Rougheye Rockfish	Coastwide	0 (round weight)
Shortraker Rockfish	Coastwide	0 (round weight)
Shortspine Thornyhead	Coastwide	0 (round weight)
Big Skate (Raja binoculata)	3C,3D	0 (round weight)
Big Skate (Raja binoculata)	5A,5B	0 (round weight)

Big Skate (Raja binoculata)	5C,5D,5E	0 (round weight)
Longnose Skate (Raja rhina)	3C,3D	0 (round weight)
Longnose Skate (Raja rhina)	5A,5B	0 (round weight)
Longnose Skate (Raja rhina)	5C,5D,5E	0 (round weight)

(b) Lingcod by hook and line gear, other than longline gear: The quantity of lingcod caught in Subareas 12-1 to 12-13, 12-15 to 12-48 and landed from any one fishing trip shall not exceed 400 pounds (181 kg) (round weight).

(c) Skate by hook and line gear: The quantity of skate caught in Areas 13 to 20, 28 and 29, and Subareas 12-1 to 12-13, 12-15 to 12-48 and landed from any one fishing trip shall not exceed 6,000 pounds (2,722 kg) (round weight).

(d) Pacific Cod by hook and line gear: The quantity of Pacific Cod landed from any one fishing trip shall not exceed 500 pounds (227 kg) (round weight).

(e) Other rockfish (as set out in Appendix 1) by hook and line gear: The combined quantity of other rockfish landed from one fishing trip shall not exceed the greater of 500 pounds (227 kg) or 2 percent of Spiny Dogfish landed per trip (round weight).

(f) Bocaccio by hook and line gear: the quantity of Bocaccio (round weight) landed from any one fishing trip shall not exceed:

(i) 100 pounds (45 kg), where 10,000 pounds (4,536 kg) or less of Spiny Dogfish (round weight) is landed; or

(ii) 100 pounds (45kg) plus 1 percent of the amount of Spiny Dogfish (round weight) landed in excess of 10,000 pounds (4,536 kg) to a maximum of 600 pounds (272 kg) of Bocaccio in total.

Note: The quantity of Bocaccio landed forms part of the combined quantity of other rockfish.

(g) Sole and flounder species by hook and line gear.

(2) When hailed out on a directed lingcod trip (by hook and line gear, other than longline gear), the licensed vessel is permitted to catch and retain the following by hook and line gear, other than longline gear:

(a) Those species of fish listed in Column I of the Table to this section in the Species/Groundfish Management Area Groups set out in Column II up to the maximum quantity set out in Column III of that item:

Column I Species	Column II Species / GMA Group	Column III Quantity in Pounds
Pacific Halibut	Coastwide	0 (fresh, dressed head-off)
Sablefish	Coastwide	0 (round weight)
Spiny Dogfish	3C,3D,5A,5B,5C,5D,5E	0 (round weight)
Spiny Dogfish	4B	0 (round weight)
Lingcod	3C	0 (round weight)
Lingcod	3D	0 (round weight)
Lingcod	5A,5B	0 (round weight)
Lingcod	5C,5D,5E	0 (round weight)
Canary Rockfish	3C,3D	0 (round weight)
Canary Rockfish	5A,5B	0 (round weight)
Canary Rockfish	5C,5D	0 (round weight)
Canary Rockfish	5E	0 (round weight)
Silvergray Rockfish	3C,3D	0 (round weight)
Silvergray Rockfish	5A,5B	0 (round weight)
Silvergray Rockfish	5C,5D	0 (round weight)
Silvergray Rockfish	5E	0 (round weight)
Yelloweye Rockfish	3C,3D,5A	0 (round weight)
Yelloweye Rockfish	5B	0 (round weight)
Yelloweye Rockfish	5C,5D	0 (round weight)
Yelloweye Rockfish	5E	0 (round weight)
Yelloweye Rockfish	4B	0 (round weight)
Quillback Rockfish	3C,3D,5A	0 (round weight)
Quillback Rockfish	5B	0 (round weight)
Quillback Rockfish	5C,5D	0 (round weight)
Quillback Rockfish	5E	0 (round weight)
Quillback Rockfish	4B	0 (round weight)
Copper/ China/ Tiger Rockfish	3C,3D,5A	0 (round weight)

Copper/ China/ Tiger Rockfish	5B	0 (round weight)
Copper/ China/ Tiger Rockfish	5C,5D	0 (round weight)
Copper/ China/ Tiger Rockfish	5E	0 (round weight)
Copper/ China/ Tiger Rockfish	4B	0 (round weight)
Redbanded Rockfish	Coastwide	0 (round weight)
Rougheye Rockfish	Coastwide	0 (round weight)
Shortraker Rockfish	Coastwide	0 (round weight)
Shortspine Thornyhead	Coastwide	0 (round weight)

(b) The retention of skate by hook and line gear is not permitted.

(c) Pacific Cod by hook and line gear: The quantity of Pacific Cod landed from any one fishing trip shall not exceed 500 pounds (227 kg) (round weight).

(d) Other rockfish (as set out in Appendix 1) by hook and line gear:

(i) Subject to subsection 1(2)(d)(ii), the combined quantity of other rockfish landed from one fishing trip shall not exceed 500 pounds (227 kg) (round weight);

(ii) When landing greater than 10,000 pounds (4,536 kg) of lingcod, the combined quantity of other rockfish landed from one fishing trip shall not exceed 750 pounds (340 kg) (round weight).

(e) Bocaccio by hook and line gear: the quantity of Bocaccio (round weight) landed from any one fishing trip shall not exceed:

(i) 100 pounds (45 kg), where 10,000 pounds (4,536 kg) or less of lingcod (round weight) is landed; or

(ii) 100 pounds (45kg) plus 1 percent of the amount of lingcod (round weight) landed in excess of 10,000 pounds (4,536 kg) to a maximum of 600 pounds (272 kg) of Bocaccio in total.

Note: The quantity of Bocaccio landed forms part of the combined quantity of other rockfish.

(f) Sole and flounder species by hook and line gear.

(3) Octopus caught incidentally may be used for bait and shall be recorded in the Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log but cannot be landed.

(4) The vessel master shall ensure that a current and valid licence amendment is on board the vessel while fishing.

2. Handling of halibut:

(1) All undersized halibut shall be released to the sea with a minimum of injury by:

(a) hook straightening;

(b) cutting the ganglion near the hook; or

(c) carefully removing the hook by twisting it from the halibut with a gaff.

(2) Undersized halibut brought on board the vessel to determine if the minimum size limit of the halibut is met shall be returned to the sea with a minimum of injury.

(3) Subject to subsection 2(4) all halibut shall be landed either:

(a) fresh, dressed head-on; or

(b) fresh, round head-on.

(4) Where frozen at sea, halibut shall either be landed:

(a) dressed head-on;

(b) dressed head-off;

(c) round head-on; or

(d) round head-off.

3. Release of rockfish

No rockfish shall be released to sea

4. Transport requirements:

(1) All fish taken under the authority of this licence, shall be transported by the licensed vessel either directly to land or temporarily to a fish pen and then to land.

(2) No vessel other than the vessel designated to fish this licence shall be used to transport fish taken under the authority of this licence.

(3) Any fish that have been transported to a fish pen by the licensed vessel shall be transported to land by the same vessel when the fish are removed from the fish pen. This applies whether the fish are alive or dead.

(4) The vessel fishing under the authority of this licence shall not have on board fish that have been landed and validated.

5. Fish pens:

(1) All fish enclosed in a fish pen shall be from one vessel only.

(2) No fish taken under the authority of this licence shall be stored in a fish pen unless the fish pen is marked with the vessel name and the vessel registration number of the vessel designated to fish this licence.

(3) Fish pens shall be marked as follows:

- (a) all letters and numbers shall be a minimum of 10 cm in height and 5 cm in width;
- (b) all letters and numbers shall be black and painted or affixed to a white background; and
- (c) the vessel name and vessel registration number shall be attached to the top surface of the fish pen.

(4) No fish taken by the licensed vessel shall be stored in a fish pen that is marked with the vessel name or vessel registration number of any other vessel.

(5) The licensed vessel shall not remove fish from a fish pen marked with any number other than the vessel registration number of the vessel designated to fish this licence.

6. Requirement for Hail-out Report:

Prior to the commencement of a trip, the vessel master shall report to the designated groundfish hail service provider (as described in subsection 6(1)). The person identified as the vessel master in subsection 6(1)(c) shall be considered to be the vessel master responsible for all fishing, vessel handling and reporting activities for the duration of the fishing trip.

(1) Not less than 24 hours prior to leaving port, the vessel master shall make a Hail-out Report and obtain a hail-out number by contacting the designated groundfish hail service provider at 1-877-819-1888 (24 hours per day; seven days per week) and reporting the following information:

- (a) vessel name;
- (b) vessel registration number;
- (c) name and Fisher Identification Number (FIN) of the vessel master, who must be the caller making the report;
- (d) name of the directed groundfish fishery;
- (e) Functionality Test Certificate Number (FTCN) or at-sea observer file number;
- (f) Quota Status Verification Number (QSVN);
- (g) date of departure;
- (h) name of departure port;
- (i) anticipated date, port and location of landing; and
- (j) whether dual fishing, as described in section 18, will occur. If that is the case, the name of the Aboriginal organization that issued the dual fishing designation certificate and the unique identification number of the dual fishing designation certificate shall be stated to the service provider.

(2) The vessel master shall record the hail-out number in the Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log.

(3) The vessel master shall hail-out for one directed groundfish fishery only.

(4) Salmon troll vessels intending to land lingcod while fishing for salmon under this Part shall make a groundfish Hail-out Report as set out in subsection 6(1).

(5) Cancellation of fishing trip:

Should the vessel master decide not to fish after having made a Hail-out Report, the vessel master shall make a Hail-in Report to the designated groundfish hail service provider to indicate that no fishing occurred. The cancelled trip Hail-in Report shall be made not later than three days after making the Hail-out Report.

7. At-sea monitoring:

(1) Subject to subsection 7(2), when fishing under authority of this licence at-sea monitoring of all fishing activity is required at all times by means of either:

- (a) a designated groundfish at-sea observer carried on board the vessel; or
- (b) the use of a functioning electronic monitoring (EM) system on board the vessel, as described in section 9.

(2) At-sea monitoring of all fishing activity under this licence is not required when less than 500 pounds (227 kg) of lingcod are caught and retained while fishing for salmon by troll gear.

8. Fishing and Related Activity Records:

(1) Fishing activity and catch records.

Subject to subsection 8(1)(d), the vessel master shall arrange to have a designated groundfish at-sea observer collect and record the following catch information at sea while fishing under the authority of this licence:

(a) For each fishing trip:

- (i) vessel name and VRN;
- (ii) vessel master's name;
- (iii) vessel master's FIN , and
- (iv) name of the designated groundfish at-sea observer.

(b) For each string of fishing gear set:

- (i) the set date, time, and location described as latitude and longitude in degrees, minutes and seconds or degrees minutes and tenths of minutes of each string of gear set;
- (ii) the haul date, time and location of each string of gear hauled;
- (iii) the number of hooks on each string of gear set and hauled;
- (iv) the type of bait used;
- (v) the type of hook used;
- (vi) the total catch in pieces retained by species; and
- (vii) the total catch by species released back to sea.

(c) The licence holder or vessel master shall arrange for catch records to be entered into the Departmental Fishery Operations System (FOS) within seven (7) days of completion of the fishing trip.

(d) As an alternative to arranging a designated groundfish at-sea observer, an electronic monitoring (EM) system may be used as described in section 9.

9. Electronic Monitoring (EM) system:

(1) The vessel master shall ensure that a vessel using EM in place of a designated groundfish at-sea observer shall have an EM system that meets the following minimum specifications and component requirements:

- (a) a video and sensor data-logging engine (control box), equipped with external display lights to verify correct power supply and be connected to a monitor and keyboard, allowing the vessel master to view real time recording of EM imagery, enter insert time-stamped event markers into the sensor record, and conduct system checks to test system performance;
- (b) operating software to record imagery during fishing events for analysis;
- (c) peripheral sensor devices suitable for a fishing-deck work environment, including GPS;
- (d) an electronic hydraulic pressure transducer (where applicable);
- (e) a winch rotation sensor(where applicable);

(f) a minimum of two closed circuit television cameras configured to provide a clear view of the catch retrieval process; and
(g) the GPS, hydraulic and winch sensor data shall be logged to a data file at a frequency of once per ten seconds, continuously throughout the fishing trip.

(2) Video images captured by the EM system shall meet the following minimum specifications:

(a) image files shall be viewable on Windows Media Player; if a non-standard Windows Media Player Codec is used, it shall be provided to Archipelago Marine Research Ltd. for image analysis;
(b) minimum resolution of 640 X 480 dpi and the ability to vary lens choice to ensure an appropriate field of view;
(c) imagery shall have a burned-in caption showing vessel identifier, date, time and location;
(d) image files shall capture 100 percent of each catch retrieval event, including a 30 minute run-on after each event;
(e) image frame rates shall be not less than 5 frames per second for catch retrieval imagery; and
(f) image quality shall be sufficient to allow clear identification of the species listed in Appendix 1.

(3) Where an EM system is in use on a vessel, the vessel master shall ensure all components of the EM system are fully operational and in use during the entire fishing trip from the time the vessel leaves port until the vessel arrives at port to commence the validation of their catch. The EM system shall be continuously powered and not turned off at any time.

(4) If any or all of the EM system equipment becomes inoperative or malfunctions in any way, the vessel master shall immediately contact the provider of the EM system. The vessel master shall work with the provider of the EM system to determine if the EM system can be repaired at sea. If the EM system cannot be repaired at sea, the vessel master shall stop fishing by hauling gear and hailing in as soon as possible.

(5) Where an EM system is in use on a vessel, the vessel master shall ensure that all catch, whether retained or released, is handled within view of the EM system's closed circuit television cameras in a manner that allows for species identification with the closed circuit television cameras.

(6) The vessel master shall, within 24 hours of the offload event, provide to the EM system service provider all sensor and video data from the EM system for that trip.

(7) The licence holder or the vessel master shall arrange to have the EM system service provider conduct a comparison of the EM sensor and video data with the Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log and the Integrated Groundfish Validation Record and then enter the data into the Fishery Operations System.

(8) At the request of the Department the licence holder or vessel master shall arrange to have the EM system service provider provide all or any portion of the EM sensor and imagery data to the Department.

10. Requirement for Hail-in Report:

Prior to cancelling or completing a trip, the vessel master shall report to either the designated groundfish hail service provider (as described in subsection 10(1)) or the designated groundfish electronic hail service provider (as described in subsection 10(2)).

(1) Subject to subsection 10(3) and not less than 24 hours prior to landing fish, the vessel master shall report the following information to the designated groundfish hail service provider by contacting 1-877-819-1888 (24 hours per day; seven days per week):

(a) vessel name;
(b) vessel registration number;
(c) date, time, port and location of landing of the fish;
(d) estimated round weight in pounds of each species taken; and
(e) if conducting a dual fishing trip as set out in section 18, an estimate in poundage by species of fish that was caught under the authority of the Communal Fishing Licence.

(2) Subject to subsection 10(3) and not less than 24 hours prior to landing fish, the vessel master shall report the following information to the by contacting the designated groundfish electronic hail service provider via the electronic hail software supplied by the service provider (24 hours per

day; seven days per week) and reporting the following information:

- (a) vessel name;
- (b) vessel registration number;
- (c) date, time, port and location of landing of the fish;
- (d) estimated round weight in pounds of each species taken; and
- (e) if conducting a dual fishing trip as set out in section 23, an estimate in pounds by species of fish that was caught under the authority of the Communal Groundfish licence.

(3) When a Hail-in Report is filed three or more days after a Hail-out Report, and when no fish have been caught, the vessel master shall file a Hail-in Report indicating that no fish were caught. The vessel master shall ensure the fish hold is inspected by a designated groundfish dockside observer to verify that no fish have been caught.

11. Locations and times at which landing of fish is permitted:

(1) Subject to subsections 11(2), 11(3) and 11(4), all species caught and retained under the authority of this licence shall be landed no later than 23:59 h local time February 27, 2020.

(2) Subject to subsection 11(4), no halibut shall be retained after 12:00 h local time, November 7, 2019. All halibut caught and retained under the authority of this licence shall be landed prior to 12:00 h local time November 14, 2019.

(3) Subject to subsection 11(4), no lingcod shall be retained after 23:59 h local time, November 14, 2019. All lingcod caught and retained under the authority of this licence shall be landed prior to 23:59 h local time November 21, 2019.

(4) When an Area, Subarea or GMA is closed to fishing for a species and fish of that species taken in that area are on board the vessel, all fish on board the vessel shall be landed not later than three days after the species closure takes effect. This includes all fish that have been temporarily stored in a fish pen.

(5) All fish shall be landed at one of the following locations:

In Canada:

Ahousat	Greater Victoria	Prince Rupert
Alert Bay	Kelsey Bay	Quadra Island
Beaver Cove	Kyuquot	Queen Charlotte City
Bella Bella	Ladysmith	Sayward
Bella Coola	Lund	Shearwater
Campbell River	Masset	Sidney
Chemainus	Metro Vancouver	Skidegate
Coal Harbour	Nanaimo	Sointula
Comox	Port Alberni	Sooke
Courtenay	Port Edward	Tofino
Cowichan Bay	Port Hardy	Ucluelet
Fair Harbour	Port McNeil	Winter Harbour
French Creek	Port Renfrew	Zeballos
Gold River	Powell River	

In the United States:

Blaine WA Bellingham WA

(6) All fish shall be landed at a facility or place operating under authority a Fish Receiver Licence or a Seafood Processor Licence issued under the Fish and Seafood Licensing Regulations (Province of British Columbia), except:

- (a) fish sold directly to the public under authority of a Fisher Vendor Licence issued under the Fish and Seafood Licensing Regulations (Province of British Columbia); and
- (b) fish landed in the United States.

12. Tagging of fish:

The vessel master shall ensure all halibut caught under the authority of this licence are tagged upon validation by a groundfish dockside observer.

13. Method permitted for landing of fish from the vessel or fish pen and verification of weight and species of fish caught and retained:

(1) The landing of any fish of any species is not permitted unless a designated groundfish dockside observer employed by a designated observer is present to authorize the commencement of weight verification.

(2) The weight of all fish shall be verified by a designated groundfish dockside observer employed by a designated observer.

(3) Subject to subsection 13(5), when any fish taken under the authority of this licence are landed, all fish on board the vessel and all fish that were temporarily stored in a fish pen shall be landed at the same time.

(4) The vessel master shall provide to the observer, a fishery officer or fishery guardian attending the landing, safe access to the vessel, the vessel's fish holds, freezers and other fish storage areas, including any fish pens, at any time during the landing and at the conclusion of the landing.

(a) Where the observer, fishery officer or fishery guardian is required to climb or descend 1.2 m or more, the vessel master shall provide a gangway, ladder or other means of traversing the distance.

(b) Where the measures in subsection 13(4)(a) are not available, the vessel master shall proceed under instruction of the observer to the nearest practicable location where the observer may safely enter and exit the vessel.

(5) Once landing has commenced, the vessel shall not leave the landing site unless permission has been received to do so from a groundfish dockside observer.

(6) When a Hail-in Report is filed three or more days after a Hail-out Report, and when that Hail-in Report indicates that no fish have been caught, the vessel master shall ensure that a designated groundfish dockside observer will be present at the time of arrival and at the location indicated in the Hail-in Report and the vessel master shall ensure the fish hold is inspected to verify that no fish have been caught.

(7) All fish taken under the authority of this licence shall be landed prior to the vessel fishing under the authority of a Sablefish, Halibut, Groundfish Trawl or Rockfish Hook and Line Licence.

(8) All fish taken under the authority of a Sablefish, Halibut, Groundfish Trawl, or Rockfish Hook and Line licence shall be landed prior to the vessel fishing under the authority of this licence.

14. Method by which the weight of the fish is to be determined:

(1) At the time and place of landing, all fish shall be sorted, counted by piece and weighed by individual species.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection 14(1), if the landed weight is greater than 2,500 pounds (1,134 kg) of a species, with the exception of halibut and lingcod, a sub-sample of not less than 225 specimens shall be counted by piece and weighed, as directed by an observer.

(3) If fish are to be placed into totes or other containers at the time of landing, each tote or container shall be weighed with ice, liners, etc. and labelled with the tote weight prior to use.

(4) Totes or other containers that have been weighed and labelled before the landing are subject to weight verification at any time by a designated groundfish dockside observer.

(5) Where fish are placed in containers prior to landing and are frozen at sea:

(a) each container shall contain only one species;

(b) each container shall be clearly marked as to the species contained therein;

(c) all fish shall be counted and weighed by individual species.

(6) Where fish are kept alive prior to landing, all fish shall be sorted and weighed by individual species.

(7) All fish shall be weighed on a scale approved, in the case of fish landed in Canada, by Industry Canada, and in the case of fish landed in the United States, by the State of Washington Weights and Measures.

(8) All fish weights shall be determined on the basis of round weights by deducting the weight of the container and converting the product weight to a round weight or, in the case of halibut, to a fresh, dressed head off weight.

(9) The following conversion factors shall be used to convert product weight to round weight for all groundfish species except halibut:

All groundfish (round):

Frozen: round, 4 percent glaze allowance, 0.96
Fresh: round, 2 percent ice/ slime allowance, 0.98

"Live" Fish:

Fresh: 3 percent shrinkage allowance, 0.97

Arrowtooth Flounder:

Frozen: dressed, head-on, 1.16 Fresh: dressed, head-on, 1.14
Frozen: dressed, head-off, 1.43 Fresh: dressed, head-off, 1.39
Frozen: dressed, head-off-tailed, 1.54 Fresh: dressed, head-off-tailed, 1.49

Other flounders and soles:

Frozen: dressed, head-on, 1.20 Fresh: dressed, head-on, 1.22
Frozen: dressed, head-off, 1.60 Fresh: dressed, head-off, 1.64

Lingcod:

Frozen: Japanese cut, 1.60 Fresh: Japanese cut, 1.64
Frozen: Western cut, 1.33 Fresh: Western cut, 1.36
Frozen: dressed, head-on, 1.08 Fresh: dressed, head-on, 1.11

Pacific Cod:

Frozen: Japanese cut, 1.48 Fresh: Japanese cut, 1.51
Frozen: Western cut, 1.26 Fresh: Western cut, 1.28
Frozen: dressed, head-on, 1.08 Fresh: dressed, head-on, 1.11

Rockfish:

Frozen: Japanese cut, 1.54 Fresh: Japanese cut, 1.57
Frozen: dressed, head-off 1.48 Fresh: dressed, head-off, 1.51
Frozen: dressed, head-on, 1.13 Fresh: dressed, head-on, 1.16

Sablefish:

Frozen: Japanese cut, 1.48 Fresh: Japanese cut, 1.51

Skate:

Frozen: Flap/ Wing, 2.32 Fresh: Flap/ Wing, 2.45

Spiny Dogfish:

Frozen: dressed, head-on, 1.20 Fresh: dressed, head-on, 1.25
Frozen: dressed, head-off, 1.75 Fresh: dressed, head-off, 1.82

(10) The following conversion factors shall be used to convert halibut product weight to an equivalent weight of fresh dressed head-off halibut:

Fresh, dressed, head-off with ice and slime 0.98
Fresh, dressed, head-on with ice and slime 0.88
Fresh, round with ice and slime 0.75
Frozen, dressed, head-off with glaze 0.97

Frozen, dressed, head-on with glaze 0.87
Frozen, round with glaze 0.74

15. Records that a vessel master shall keep:

(1) Integrated Groundfish Validation Record

(a) An Integrated Groundfish Validation Record shall be obtained from a designated observer.
(b) At the completion of each landing, a designated groundfish dockside observer shall enter information regarding the landing in the Integrated Groundfish Validation Record including the weight and species of fish landed. The vessel master shall sign and date each original validation record page as directed by the designated groundfish dockside observer. At a minimum, the vessel master shall ensure that both his correct signature and his correct printed full name are placed on the Validation Record along with his FIN. The completed yellow copy shall accompany landed fish in transit to the buyer.

(2) Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log

(a) The vessel master shall keep a complete and accurate record of all fishing activity carried out under authority of this licence in the Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log. Integrated Groundfish Fishing Logs are available from the designated groundfish hail service provider.

(b) The vessel master shall report all marine mammal interactions during fishing trips in the Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log. For the purpose of defining lethal and non-lethal marine mammal interactions, interactions include bycatch, collision, and all sightings of marine mammals entangled in fishing gear.

(c) The information shall be recorded in the Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log not later than 24 hours after midnight local time for each day fished and prior to the landing of any fish taken under authority of this licence.

(d) Where a paper Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log is used, the vessel master shall ensure that an Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log is obtained prior to fishing and that sufficient pages are available to cover any fishing trip.

(e) The Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log shall be kept on board the vessel at all times and shall be made available for examination upon request of an observer, a DFO employee, a fishery officer or a representative of the International Pacific Halibut Commission.

(f) Following the landing of halibut, and where a paper Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log is used, the completed yellow copies in the Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log shall remain in the Logbook until removed by an International Pacific Halibut Commission employee or mailed within seven (7) days of the vessel's final landing to:

International Pacific Halibut Commission
2320 West Commodore Way, Suite 300
Seattle, WA, United States
98199-1287

(g) Where a paper Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log is used, the completed white copies in the Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log shall be provided to the designated groundfish dockside observer, or shall be forwarded, within seven (7) days of each landing to:

Fisheries and Oceans Canada
c/o: Archipelago Marine Research Ltd.
525 Head Street
Victoria, B.C. V9A 5S1
(250) 383-4535

(h) Where a paper Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log is used, the licence holder shall retain the pink copy of the completed Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log records for a minimum period of two years.

(i) Where an electronic Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log is used, copies shall be provided to Fisheries and Oceans Canada (c/o Archipelago Marine Research Ltd.), and the International Pacific Halibut Commission within seven (7) days of each landing.

(j) Where an electronic Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log is used, the licence holder shall retain a copy of the completed Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log records for a minimum period of two years.

16. Fish Slips - all species:

- (1) An accurate written report shall be provided on a fish slip of all fish caught and retained under authority of this licence.
- (2) A report shall be made even if the fish landed are used for bait, personal consumption or disposed of otherwise and shall include all fish landed at Canadian ports.
- (3) The vessel master shall submit the fish slips not later than seven (7) days after landing.
- (4) Fish slips shall be submitted by the vessel master to:

Department of Fisheries and Oceans
Fisheries Management Data Unit
Suite 200 - 401 Burrard Street
Vancouver, BC V6C 3S4

Fish slip books may be purchased directly from the printer, Proforma Business Forms, phone (604)596-6133. Alternately fish slips can be downloaded free of charge, from the DFO website. For more information, see the website <http://www.pac.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/stats/fishslips-carnets/index-eng.html>, or phone the FM Data Unit message line at (604)666-2716.

17. Avoidance of Seabirds:

The following definitions apply to this section:

"streamer line" ("tori line") means a line to which are attached brightly coloured streamers spaced 5 m apart. The line shall have a buoy at the terminal end. The streamers shall be of UV-protected plastic tubing, 3/8 inch polyester line or surveyor's tape, and shall extend to within 0.5 m of the water when the vessel is at setting speed.

"towed buoy" means a buoy towed abaft of the stern of the vessel .

"overall length" means the length of the vessel as set out in this licence.

(1) Subject to subsections 17(2) and 17(3), the vessel master fishing:

- (a) a vessel less than 9 m in overall length fishing in Areas 1 to 29, 101 to 111, 121, 123 to 127, 130 and 142 shall deploy either a single streamer line or a towed buoy when setting longline gear;
- (b) a vessel 9 m to 16.8 m in overall length fishing in Areas 1 to 29, 101 to 111, 121, 123 to 127, 130 and 142 shall deploy at least one streamer line and either a second streamer line or a towed buoy when setting longline gear;

(c) a vessel more than 16.8 m in overall length fishing in Areas 1 to 29, shall deploy at least one streamer line and either a second streamer line or a towed buoy when setting longline gear; and

(d) a vessel more than 16.8 m in overall length fishing in Areas 101 to 111, 121, 123 to 127, 130 and 142 shall deploy paired streamer lines when setting longline gear.

(2) The vessel master of a fishing vessel that has no masts, poles or rigging shall deploy at least one towed buoy when setting longline gear.

(3) The vessel master shall deploy gear described in subsection 17(1) at all times when setting longline gear except:

- (a) during the period between 30 minutes after sunset and 30 minutes before sunrise; or
- (b) when the current wind speeds, at the nearest marine weather station, are reported as greater than 35 knots; and
- (c) when current wind speeds, at the nearest marine weather station, are reported as between 25 and 35 knots the vessel master shall deploy only a single streamer line or for vessels less than 9 m,

either a single streamer line or a single towed buoy.

(4) The vessel master shall ensure that streamer lines are deployed so that:

(a) the streamers are in the air at least 30 m beyond the point at which the groundline enters the water; and

(b) are towed as close to the groundline as is practical under the prevailing conditions of wind and sea.

(5) The vessel master shall ensure that towed buoys are deployed so that the buoy is towed further astern than the point at which the groundline enters the water.

(6) When setting longline gear, the vessel master shall:

(a) use baited hooks that sink to the bottom as soon as they are put in the water, e.g. use sinking groundlines, thawed bait, additional weight on the groundline;

(b) discharge old bait and offal so as not to attract seabirds to the longline gear; and

(c) use bait fish that do not retain air in their swim bladders or puncture the swim bladder.

(7) All birds caught shall be recorded by species in Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log.

(8) Birds shall be released in the least harmful manner.

18. Dual Fishing

The vessel master shall not engage in dual fishing unless the following conditions are met:

(1) Before the commencement of the dual fishing trip, the licensed vessel and any person who may fish shall be designated by an Aboriginal organization, in accordance with the Aboriginal Communal Fishing Licences Regulations, to catch and retain groundfish under the authority of the Aboriginal organization's FSC Communal Fishing Licence. Proof of designation shall be a complete dual fishing designation certificate.

(2) Designations may be made to persons and vessels only; the dual fishing designation certificate may not be made to a corporation or trade name. Designations are personal and not transferable.

(3) The vessel master shall obtain the completed dual fishing designation certificate before hailing out for a dual fishing trip. The vessel master shall ensure that the dual fishing designation certificate sets out all of the following:

(a) the full printed name of the person(s) designated by the Aboriginal organization;

(b) the full name of the vessel designated by the Aboriginal organization;

(c) the amount of groundfish by species that the vessel may land under the authority of the dual fishing designation certificate during the fishing trip;

(d) the gear type that is authorized, which must be gear that is set out in the designating Aboriginal organization's FSC Communal Fishing Licence;

(e) a detailed description of the waters, within the area set out in the Aboriginal organization's FSC Communal Fishing Licence, where fishing may be carried out under the dual fishing designation certificate;

(f) the full name of the Aboriginal organization that issued the dual fishing designation certificate;

(g) the length of time for which the designation under the dual fishing designation certificate is valid, including a start date and an end date when fishing may take place;

(h) the unique identification number the Aboriginal organization has assigned to the dual fishing designation certificate; and

(i) the FSC Communal Fishing Licence number.

(4) Before the commencement of a dual fishing trip, the vessel master shall ensure the dual fishing designation certificate contains all the information described in subsections 18(3)(a)-(i).

(5) The vessel master shall not engage in dual fishing if any of the information described in subsections 18(3)(a)-(i) is not fully included in the dual fishing designation certificate.

(6) The vessel master shall:

(a) report at the time of his or her commercial groundfish hail-out that the vessel will be dual

fishing during the fishing trip, and state the name of the Aboriginal organization that issued the dual fishing designation certificate and the unique identification number the Aboriginal organization assigned to the dual fishing designation certificate;

(b) report at the time of his or her commercial groundfish haul-in an accurate estimate of the weight by pound and species of the fish that was caught under authority of the FSC Communal Fishing Licence;

(d) during the fishing trip record in the comments section and the retained column of the Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log the number of fish retained by species under the authority of the FSC Communal Fishing Licence by each set; and

(e) carry the dual fishing designation certificate on board the vessel at all times during the dual fishing trip and produce it at the time of validation and whenever any at-sea inspection occurs.

(7) At the request of the Aboriginal organization that issued the dual fishing designation certificate, fish taken under the authority of the FSC Communal Fishing Licence may be landed at a different time and location from the fish caught under the authority of this licence if a fishery guardian, a fisheries representative designated by the Aboriginal organization or a designated groundfish dockside observer monitors the landing of groundfish and the verification of weight, pieces and species of groundfish caught and retained.

(8) The designated groundfish dockside observer, or the fishery guardian or fisheries representative, as the case may be, shall:

(a) record landed catch information for each species, the dual fishing designation certificate number and the name of the Aboriginal organization that issued the dual fishing designation certificate; and

(b) provide a copy of the landed catch information by weight and piece, the vessel name, the vessel master's name, the FSC Communal Fishing Licence number, and the unique identification number of the dual fishing designation certificate to the Aboriginal organization that issued the dual fishing designation certificate and to the Groundfish Management Unit at 604-666-8525 (fax) within seven (7) days of the validation.

(9) Where fish taken under the authority of the FSC Communal Fishing Licence have been landed at a different time and location than the fish caught under the authority of this licence, the vessel master shall provide the designated commercial groundfish dockside observer at the landing site of fish caught under the authority of this licence with the following information in respect of the FSC Communal Fishing Licence: a copy of the landed catch information by weight and piece, the vessel name, the vessel master's name, the Communal Fishing Licence number, and the unique identification number of the dual fishing designation certificate.

(10) The vessel master shall not catch and retain more groundfish by species than the amount set out in the dual fishing designation certificate.

(11) Fishing under the authority of an FSC Communal Fishing Licence shall occur only in the waters, or area, where the designating Aboriginal organization's FSC Communal Fishing Licence authorizes fishing.

(12) The vessel master shall not claim food, social, and ceremonial (FSC) fish in the Integrated Groundfish Fishing Log that was not caught in the waters within the area set out in the Aboriginal organization's FSC Communal Fishing Licence.

(13) The vessel master and/or the individual(s) designated by the Aboriginal organization to FSC groundfish under their FSC Communal Fishing Licence shall not claim as FSC groundfish any groundfish caught and retained outside the FSC fishing area set out in the Aboriginal organization's FSC Communal Fishing Licence.

(14) Before the fish caught pursuant to the FSC Communal Fishing Licence is landed and validated the vessel master shall:

(a) advise the Aboriginal organization that issued the dual fishing designation certificate of the place, time and estimated amount of fish to be landed; and

(b) record the name of the representative of the Aboriginal organization who was advised of the landing per 18(14)(a) and provide it to a Fishery Officer upon request.

(15) Within seven (7) days of completion of the fishing trip the licence holder or vessel master shall:

(a) ensure the information for catch landed under authority of the FSC Communal Fishing Licence is

entered into the Departmental Fishery Operations System (FOS); and
(b) send a copy of the landed catch information setting out the amount of groundfish by species the vessel caught under the authority of the FSC Communal Fishing Licence during the fishing trip to the Aboriginal organization that issued the dual fishing designation certificate.

(16) All fish caught under the authority of the FSC Communal Fishing Licence are for the food, social and ceremonial purposes of the Aboriginal organization which holds the licence. The vessel master or any person designated to fish under the FSC Communal Fishing Licence shall not sell trade or barter any fish caught under the authority of the FSC Communal Fishing Licence.

19. Species at Risk for all species

(1) Pursuant to subsection 73(2)(c) and section 74 of the Species at Risk Act (SARA), this licence authorizes the vessel master, subject to the following conditions, to engage in fishing activities that:

- (a) are conducted under licences issued under the Fisheries Act; and
- (b) incidentally kill, harm, harass, capture or take Basking Shark (*Cetorhinus maximus*).

(2) Pursuant to subsections 73(2)(c) through 73(6) of SARA, the vessel master shall ensure:

- (a) that while the fishing activities are conducted, every measure is taken to avoid the incidental capture of Basking Shark;
- (b) that while the fishing activities are conducted, fishing gear is not set or hauled when Basking Sharks are within 10 m of the fishing vessel, and/or are visible at the water's surface; and
- (c) that while the fishing activities are conducted, any Basking Shark incidentally caught and live, is released in a manner that causes them the least harm.

20. Shark Finning Prohibition

No person shall remove and retain the fins of any Spiny Dogfish or shark without retaining the remainder of the carcass for validation upon landing. The number of fins landed shall correspond to the number of carcasses landed.

21. Marine Mammal Reporting Requirements

- (1) The vessel master shall provide information regarding all interactions with marine mammals during fishing trips;
- (2) For the purpose of subsection 21(1), interactions refer to cases of incidental mortality and serious injury to marine mammals. This includes accidental drowning, bycatch, entanglements, collisions, and fatalities.
- (3) The vessel master shall immediately phone the Marine Mammal Incident Hotline at 1-800-465-4336 to report cases of mortality and serious harm.
- (4) The vessel master shall complete the DFO reporting form "MARINE MAMMAL INTERACTION FORM."
- (5) The Marine Mammal Interaction Form shall be submitted as per the instructions provided on the form.

Note: The Marine Mammal Interaction Form is available from:

<http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/species-especes/mammals-mammiferes/report-rapport/fish-harvester-pecheur-eng.asp>

APPENDIX 1

Aurora Rockfish	<i>Sebastes aurora</i>
Bank Rockfish	<i>Sebastes rufus</i>
Black Rockfish	<i>Sebastes melanops</i>
Blackgill	<i>Sebastes melanostomus</i>
Blue Rockfish	<i>Sebastes mystinus</i>
Bocaccio	<i>Sebastes paucispinis</i>
Brown Rockfish	<i>Sebastes auriculatus</i>
Chilipepper Rockfish	<i>Sebastes goodei</i>
Darkblotched Rockfish	<i>Sebastes crameri</i>
Deacon Rockfish	<i>Sebastes diaconus</i>

Dusky Rockfish	Sebastes ciliatus
Greenstriped Rockfish	Sebastes elongatus
Harlequin Rockfish	Sebastes variegatus
Northern Rockfish	Sebastes polyspinis
Pacific Ocean Perch	Sebastes alutus
Puget Sound Rockfish	Sebastes emphaeus
Pygmy Rockfish	Sebastes wilsoni
Redstripe Rockfish	Sebastes proriger
Rosethorn Rockfish	Sebastes helvomaculatus
Sharpchin Rockfish	Sebastes zacentrus
Shortbelly Rockfish	Sebastes jordani
Splitnose Rockfish	Sebastes diploproa
Stripetail Rockfish	Sebastes saxicola
Vermilion Rockfish	Sebastes miniatus
Widow Rockfish	Sebastes entomelas
Yellowmouth Rockfish	Sebastes reedi
Yellowtail Rockfish	Sebastes flavidus
Longspine thornyhead	Sebastolobus altivelis

Part 3

Application

This Part applies to the transportation of fish other than fish caught by the licensed vessel.

Transporting of Roe Herring is authorized by this licence for the current Roe Herring fishery only.

Definitions:

"Area" and "Subarea" have the same meaning as in the Pacific Fishery Management Area Regulations, 2007.

"Department" means the Department of Fisheries and Oceans.

"landed" means having offloaded the catch onto land or to another vessel.

"landing" means the offloading of the catch onto land or to another vessel.

"observer" means a person who has been designated as an observer by the Regional Director-General for Pacific Region pursuant to section 39 of the Fishery (General) Regulations.

"vessel registration number (VRN)" means the number assigned to a vessel by the Department at the time the vessel is registered as a fishing vessel.

Section 1

This Section applies to transporting all species of fish:

(1) The vessel master shall, immediately on request by a fishery officer, fishery guardian or representative of the Department, provide orally in person or by radio, or in writing, the following information:

- (a) an accurate estimate of the amount of fish on board the vessel;
- (b) the vessel name and Vessel Registration Number (VRN) of the vessel or vessels that caught the fish;
- (c) the quantity of fish received from each vessel;
- (d) the location where fish were caught;
- (e) name of the designated port and location therein where the catch shall be landed;
- (f) anticipated time of landing; and

- (g) name of fish processor or buyer that is buying or transporting the catch.
- (h) a copy of the salmon transfer log as outlined in Section 2, s.5.

Note: Where a document is required to be signed by these conditions of licence, the party signing the document is confirming the information provided and recorded is true and accurate, and is provided for the purposes of monitoring compliance with the Fisheries Act. Any false or misleading information provided will be deemed a violation of section 63 of the Fisheries Act, as if it were made directly to a Fishery Officer.

Section 2

This Section applies to transporting salmon.

Definitions:

"fish slip" means the document used to record the information set out in subsection 3(2); a sales slip with the same information may serve as a fish slip.

"landing observer" means an individual authorized pursuant to section 39(2)(b) of the Fishery (General) Regulations to monitor salmon landings and verify the weight and number of each species of salmon landed as required by these conditions of licence.

"offloader" means the person present aboard the transferring vessel responsible for transfer of fish.

"receiving vessel" means a vessel receiving salmon not harvested by that vessel.

"tally person" means the person aboard the receiving vessel responsible for overseeing and verifying the transfer of fish.

"transfer" means a single act of moving fish from one vessel to another without the vessels separating.

"transferring vessel" means a vessel transferring salmon to any other vessel for transport.

1. Fish permitted to be on board:

(1) Where this vessel has received fish from a commercial salmon fishery, no salmon may be on board this vessel except:

- (a) salmon caught under authority of a licence issued under the Pacific Fishery Regulations, 1993; and
- (b) salmon caught under authority of a licence issued under the Aboriginal Communal Fishing Licences Regulations in which the minister has authorized the sale of fish.

(2) No salmon of species that are not permitted to be caught and retained in the commercial salmon fishery from which this vessel is receiving fish shall be on board this vessel when commercially caught salmon are onboard.

2. Notification of participation:

(1) Before departing to receive fish from harvest vessels, the vessel master or licence holder shall notify the DFO Fishery Manager listed in the Fishery Notice advising of the fishery opening and provide the following information:

- (a) vessel name;
- (b) vessel VRN;
- (c) vessel master's name;
- (d) vessel master's contact information (cellphone, satphone or radio contact)
- (e) expected location for receiving fish;
- (f) expected time of arrival; and
- (g) processor or buyer receiving fish from transport vessel.

(2) Before offloading fish, the vessel master or licence holder shall notify the DFO Fishery Manager listed in the Fishery Notice advising of the fishery opening and provide the following information:

- (a) vessel name;
- (b) vessel VRN;
- (c) location where fish were received;
- (d) approximate amount of fish received;
- (e) location where fish will be offloaded;
- (f) estimated time of offload; and
- (g) total number of transfers received

3. Identification of transferring vessel's Vessel Master and licence under which the transferred catch was caught:

Before beginning the transfer of fish:

(1) The vessel master shall ensure that the transferring vessel is licensed to harvest in the commercial opening in which the catch was claimed to be caught. This obligation can be met by reviewing the vessel's fishing licence document and recording the licence number on the sale slip.

(2) The vessel master of the receiving vessel shall confirm the identity and name of the transferring vessel master, and ensure it is recorded on the sales slip.

4. Fish Slips (Sales Slips):

(1) The receiving vessel master or, where the vessel master is not the licence holder, the licence holder shall provide records, in the form commonly known as a fish slip or sales slip, of all fish received by this vessel under authority of this licence.

(2) A fish slip shall be completed for each transfer of salmon. Multiple transfers from the same vessel shall not be recorded on one fish slip.

(3) The vessel master shall ensure that each fish slip contains the following information:

- (a) receiving vessel name;
- (b) receiving vessel registration number;
- (c) full name of the receiving tally person;
- (d) transferring vessel name;
- (e) transferring vessel registration number;
- (f) name and Fisher Identification Number (FIN) of the offloader;
- (g) location of transfer in latitude and longitude;
- (h) date of transfer;
- (i) time of transfer;
- (j) number of days fished in each Area;
- (k) landed weight of each species by grade and method of dressing reported separately in pounds;
- (l) number of pieces landed for each species by grade and method of dressing of fish;
- (m) price paid per pound for each species by grade and method of dressing including total payable;
- (n) total catch value of all species; and
- (o) a signature by the individuals offloading and receiving the fish confirming the information on the fish slip is true and accurate.

(4) The vessel master shall ensure that the offloader's FIN is entered on the slip, and that their full name and signature are entered immediately following the transfer.

(5) The vessel master shall print the tally person's full name and sign the fish slip immediately following the transfer.

(6) Information entered on the fish slip shall be complete and accurate.

(7) The receiving vessel master or, where the vessel master is not the licence holder, the receiving vessel licence holder shall submit slips no later than seven days after offloading. Slips shall be mailed to:

5. Transfer Log

(1) The vessel master shall maintain a single transfer log of all transfers made under this licence. Transfer log pages can be downloaded from:

<http://www.pac.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/fm-gp/licence-permis/licence-commercial-eng.html>

(2) Each transfer shall be given a unique transfer number in the Transfer Log.

(3) Transfer numbers shall be issued sequentially through the salmon fishing season and entered in numerical order in the log.

(4) All entry lines shall be completed in numerical order in the Transfer Log and there shall be no lines left blank or empty between entries.

(5) The vessel master shall ensure that all information relating to a transfer has been entered into the Transfer Log before fish is received from another transferring vessel.

(6) Each page of the Transfer Log shall show the:

- (a) name of the licensed transport vessel (receiving vessel);
- (b) receiving vessel's VRN;
- (c) full name of the tally person; and
- (d) sequential page number.

(7) Where more than one tally person accepts transfers recorded on a single transfer log page, each tally person shall enter their full name and initial their entries on the log page.

(8) Each entry in the Transfer Log shall show the:

- (a) sequential transfer number;
- (b) transfer date;
- (c) location of the transfer in latitude and longitude in degrees-minutes- seconds or degrees-decimal minutes;
- (d) name of the transferring vessel;
- (e) transferring vessel's VRN;
- (f) name and Fisher Identification Number (FIN) of the offloader for this transfer;
- (g) Area(s) fished;
- (h) date(s) fished;
- (i) sales slip or fish slip number recording the transfer; and
- (j) amount of each species of salmon transferred, in pieces and weight.

(9) The transfer log shall be kept on board the licensed vessel when the vessel is receiving fish at a fishery opening and when travelling to or from a fishery opening.

(10) The transfer log shall contain data pertaining to a single vessel only.

(11) The transfer log shall be produced for examination on demand of a fishery officer, a fishery guardian, observer or representative of the Department.

(12) All information entered in the transfer log shall be complete and accurate.

(13) All recording in the transfer log shall be in ink. If an error is made while completing an entry, the entry shall be crossed out and initialed by the vessel master.

(14) Erasure of an entry in the transfer log is not permitted.

(15) If a transfer log in which transfer information has been recorded is lost or destroyed, the licence holder shall submit a notarized Statutory Declaration that the harvest log was lost or

destroyed to the responsible Fishery Manager.

(15) Submission of transfer log to the Department:

(a) At the end of the fishing season but before December 31, 2019 mail all the original Transfer Log pages to:

Fisheries and Oceans Canada
Fisheries Management Branch, Regional Data Unit
200-401 Burrard Street
Vancouver BC V6C 3S4

(b) Where a licensed transport vessel is operated by someone other than the licence holder, the licence holder shall be responsible for the submission of the transfer log.

6. Salmon of any species that were caught in an Individual Transferable Quota (ITQ) fishery shall be kept separate from salmon of any species caught in an open, competitive (Derby) fishery. Salmon caught in an ITQ fishery must be validated by a Landing Observer.

Section 3

This Section applies to transporting Geoduck, Horse Clam, Sea Cucumber, Red Sea Urchin, and Green Sea Urchin.

Definitions:

"container" means a mesh pick bag, mesh transport bag, tote, cage or other container used for the gathering, handling or transportation of shellfish.

"discarded" means not placing the shellfish in a container or removing a shellfish from a container and not validating that shellfish.

"harvested" means removing, by any means, shellfish from the substrate of the ocean floor.

"harvest log" means the validation and harvest log or a format approved by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans Shellfish Data Unit.

"shellfish" means Geoduck, Horse Clam, Sea Cucumber, Red Sea Urchin and Green Sea Urchin.

"tranship" means the transfer of shellfish from a vessel to another vessel.

"validated" means shellfish that have been weighed by an observer and the weight entered into the appropriate log.

(1) Oral Reports:

At least 24 hours prior to landing shellfish, the vessel master shall report the following information by notifying in person an observer or by calling 1 (250) 383-4535 prior to landing Geoduck or Horse Clam or 1 (800) 775-5505 prior to landing Sea Cucumber, Red Sea Urchin or Green Sea Urchin:

- (a) vessel name and VRN;
- (b) species to be landed;
- (c) name of the designated port and location therein where the catch shall be landed;
- (d) anticipated time of landing;
- (e) name of fish processor or buyer that is buying or transporting the catch; and
- (f) if applicable, the method of transporting the catch to a fish processor.

(2) The type of container used to transport shellfish and the marking of such containers:

(a) Shellfish shall be transported to land in the container received from the catcher vessel.

(b) No shellfish shall be removed from one container and placed in another container once the containers have been transhipped from the catcher vessel to the transport vessel.

(c) No shellfish shall be dumped, thrown overboard or otherwise discarded from any container.

(d) All Geoduck or Horse Clam received from the catcher vessel shall be in containers which are tagged. The tags shall be waterproof and provide the following information written in water resistant ink:

- (i) vessel name and VRN;
- (ii) Geoduck licence number (G Tab);
- (iii) harvest date;
- (iv) Geoduck Management Area (GMA), e.g. 24D01c;
- (v) Area and Subarea, e.g. 24-4;
- (vi) location of catch (bed code(s) where possible), e.g. 24-4-1(1); and
- (vii) common product name, i.e. Geoduck Clam or Horse Clam.

An example of a tag is illustrated in the current Geoduck and Horse Clam Integrated Fisheries Management Plan.

(e) All Sea Cucumber received from the catcher vessel shall be in containers which are labelled. The label shall be waterproof and shall provide the following information written in water resistant ink:

- (i) vessel name and VRN;
- (ii) licence tab number;
- (iii) harvest date;
- (iv) harvest Subarea;
- (v) location of catch; and
- (vi) common product name, i.e. Sea Cucumber.

(f) All Red Sea Urchin and Green Sea Urchin received from the catcher vessel shall be in containers which are labelled. The label shall be waterproof and marked with the vessel name and vessel registration number.

(g) The marking on containers, as required by the conditions of licence for the catcher vessel, shall not be removed, altered or obscured in any way.

(3) Validation and Harvest Log:

A copy of the validation and harvest log received from the master of the licensed catcher vessel shall accompany the shellfish to the designated port.

(4) Locations permitted for the landing of shellfish:

(a) Geoduck and Horse Clam shall be landed at one of the following ports:

(i) For fisheries off the east coast of Vancouver Island:

(A) Port Hardy	Port McNeill
Campbell River	Heriot Bay
Lund	Westview
Comox	Deep Bay
French Creek	Nanaimo
Ladysmith	Chemainus
Cowichan Bay	Sidney
Morseby Camp (Haida Gwaii)	

(B) Madeira Park may be used as a landing port if prior arrangements have been made with the service provider to ensure that an observer and scale are available.

(ii) For fisheries off the west coast of Vancouver Island:

(A) Sooke	Port Alberni
Ucluelet	Tofino
Gold River	Zeballos
Fair Harbour	Winter Harbour
Coal Harbour	

(B) Madeira Park may be used as a landing port if prior arrangements have been made with the service provider to ensure that an observer and scale are available.

(iii) For fisheries in waters north of Cape Caution:

Port Hardy	Prince Rupert
Port Edward	Bella Bella
Masset	Queen Charlotte City/ Sandspit

(b) Sea Cucumber shall be landed at one of the following ports:

(i) For fisheries in waters off the east coast of Vancouver Island:

Port Hardy	Campbell River
Port McNeill	Sechelt
Herriot Bay	Egmont
Kelsey Bay	Lund
French Creek	Powell River
Pender Harbour	Sidney
Squirrel Cove on Cortes Island	

(ii) For fisheries in waters off the west coast of Vancouver Island:
Tofino.

(iii) For fisheries in waters north of Cape Caution:

Prince Rupert	Port Edward
Queen Charlotte City	Moresby Camp
Klemtu	Bella Bella
Port Hardy	

(c) Red Sea Urchin shall be landed at one of the following ports:

(i) North Coast:

Queen Charlotte City	Masset
Prince Rupert	Port Edward
Klemtu	Bella Bella
Port Hardy	

(ii) South Coast:

Port Hardy	Coal Harbour
Port McNeill	Kelsey Bay
Campbell River	Nanaimo
Sidney	Sooke
Victoria	Ucluelet
Tofino	Vancouver

(d) Green Sea Urchin shall be landed at one of the following ports:

(i) North Coast:

Prince Rupert	Port Edward
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(ii) South Coast:

Port Hardy	Port McNeill
Kelsey Bay	Telegraph Cove
Campbell River	Brown's Bay
Sidney	Sooke
Victoria	Vancouver

(5) Validation:

(a) All shellfish shall be validated at the point and time the fish is landed.

(b) All weights shall be determined using a scale approved by Industry Canada.

(c) The vessel master shall provide the observer with a hard copy of the validation and harvest log upon completion of each validation.

(d) The vessel master shall provide to the observer access to the vessel's fish holds, freezers and other fish storage areas at any time during the landing.

Section 4

This Section applies to transporting Roe Herring.

Transporting of Roe Herring is authorized by this licence for the current Roe Herring fishery only.

Definitions:

"container" means a bag, box, tray, tote, frozen block or anything that contains fish but not including a fish pen.

"fishery manager" means the individual who has been identified to the fleet on the fishing grounds during broadcasts on 78A VHF, as the individual responsible for management of the Roe Herring fishery in that area.

"validated" means roe herring that have been weighed by an observer and the weight entered into the current Roe Herring Seine Pool Fishery Validation Record or the current Roe Herring Gillnet Pool Fishery Validation Record.

(1) Weighing of Roe Herring:

(a) All Roe Herring shall be weighed using a scale which is accurate and has been approved by Industry Canada.

(b) All Roe Herring that was caught using gill net gear shall be weighed and recorded at the time it is transferred to this vessel.

(2) Sorting of Roe Herring:

(a) All Roe Herring received by this licensed vessel shall be landed and validated.

(b) No person shall sort, by any means, Roe Herring prior to landing and validating the fish.

(3) Notification of intent to leave the fishing grounds:

(a) Seine Gear: If the Roe Herring was caught using seine gear, the vessel master of this licensed vessel shall advise the fishery manager prior to leaving the fishing grounds of the following information:

(i) vessel name and VRN;

(ii) the name of the vessel(s) that caught the fish; and

(iii) the estimated weight of roe herring on board the transport vessel.

(b) Gill Net Gear: If the Roe Herring was caught using gill net gear, the vessel master of this licensed vessel shall advise the fishery manager prior to leaving the fishing grounds of the following information:

(i) vessel name and VRN;

(ii) a listing of the gill net licence pool numbers under the authority of which the fish were caught; and

(iii) the weight of roe herring received from each licence pool.

(4) Locations permitted for landing of Roe Herring:

Port Edward

French Creek

Prince Rupert

Metro Vancouver

(5) Validation by an observer:

(a) No Roe Herring shall be landed unless the vessel has hailed-in, received a confirmation number and the landing has been approved by an observer.

(b) Prior to landing, the vessel master shall notify an observer by telephoning (866) 930-4000. To receive a confirmation number, the vessel master shall provide the following information:

(i) vessel name and vessel registration number of the vessel landing the roe herring;

(ii) name of the port and specific location where the Roe Herring will be landed;

(iii) location where, and date when, Roe Herring was caught;

(iv) if the Roe Herring was caught using seine gear, the name of the vessel(s) which caught the fish

and the estimated weight of Roe Herring on board the transport vessel;

(v) if the Roe Herring was caught by gill net gear, a listing of the gillnet licence pool numbers under the authority of which the fish were caught and the weight of Roe Herring received from each licence pool;

(vi) name of the company, fish processor or buyer that is receiving or buying the Roe Herring at the landing port; and

(vii) anticipated time of arrival at the landing port.

(c) All Roe Herring transported under this licence shall be validated at the point and time of landing and this weight shall be the landed weight.

(d) All fish on board the vessel shall be landed at the same time and location and once offloading has started the vessel shall not leave the dock with herring on board unless written authorization to do so has been given by the observer.

(e) All fish weights shall be determined on the basis of net weights by deducting the weight of the container and ice. The containers shall be accurately weighed in the presence of an observer.

(f) The vessel master shall provide access to the vessel's fish holds, freezers and other fish storage areas, including any fish pens, to the observer verifying the landing at any time during the landing or at the conclusion of the landing.